

*La nota de recuperació de la matèria consta de dues parts: la feina d' estiu i l'examen de setembre. És per això que és **OBLIGATORI** presentar aquesta feina que et proposo.

*Has de presentar la feina en un dossier de folis o una llibreta on consti **NOM, COGNOMS, ASSIGNATURA** i **CURS**. Recorda que has d' estudiar de la unitat 1 a la 7

*El treball consta de dues parts:

1) Resum de les següents pàgines del llibre Student's book:

102,103,104,105,106,107,108,109,110,111,112

2) Fer les activitats de les fotocòpies que trobaràs a la pàgina web del centre a l' apartat de *Feines d' estiu*.

► **Verbs + -ing form**

1 Circle the correct option.



- 1 Mathew sleeps a lot. He *can't stand* / *loves* getting up early.
- 2 Mathew *loves* / *hates* going to the theatre. He thinks it's really boring.
- 3 He *loves* / *can't stand* going to the cinema. He's a film fan.
- 4 Mathew's band are excited. They *like* / *hate* performing in front of an audience.
- 5 Mathew sings some songs, but he *doesn't mind* / *prefers* playing the guitar.
- 6 A lot of students hate homework, but Mathew *can't stand* / *doesn't mind* doing it.

► **Prepositions + -ing form**

2 Complete with the correct preposition.

- 1 Mathew's afraid _____ mice.
- 2 Mathew's interested _____ reading novels.
- 3 He's good _____ playing the guitar.
- 4 He's hopeless _____ playing football.
- 5 His teachers are happy because he's serious _____ his homework.
- 6 He runs every day. He's keen _____ sport.

► **Verbs + infinitive**

3 Complete with the correct form of the verbs.

- 1 Tina _____
(plan / walk) on the moon.
- 2 She _____
(hope / be) a Formula One champion.
- 3 Tina _____
(want / learn) Spanish.

- 4 She _____
(would like / live) in Spain.
- 5 Tina _____
(not plan / cook) Spanish food.
- 6 She _____
(would like / have) a house by the sea.

► **have to: present and past**

4 Complete the sentences.

- didn't have • didn't have to • doesn't have
• don't have • had • has to • have • have to

- 1 A DJ _____ to play a musical instrument, but _____ put on music for people to hear.
- 2 A Did you _____ to study a lot last year?
B Well, I _____ to study much because there were no exams at my school, but we _____ to prepare a performance. I _____ sing but I had to dance.
- 3 It's a holiday on Friday. We _____ to go to school. But we _____ do some extra homework.

► **can and mustn't**

5 Change four of the underlined verbs from *can* to *mustn't* or viceversa.

The best thing about my job is that I don't have to get up early like many other people. Instead of six or seven o'clock, I ¹ mustn't get up at nine or ten each morning! I ² mustn't stay in bed too late though, because I have to go to the swimming pool to start training. Training is very important – I ³ can miss even one day! I have to be careful what I eat, too – like all sportsmen and women I have to control my diet – I ⁴ mustn't eat too much or too little. As professionals, we ⁵ mustn't travel all over the world and enjoy a great lifestyle, but it's not always an easy life. We ⁶ can forget that what we do is a job, not a hobby!

- | | |
|---------|---------|
| 1 _____ | 4 _____ |
| 2 _____ | 5 _____ |
| 3 _____ | 6 _____ |

► Past simple vs. past continuous

1 Circle the correct option.

A ghost's tale

- 1 When I *appeared* / *was appearing* in the hotel last night, everybody was sleeping.
- 2 When Mr Daniels *walked* / *was walking* out of the lift, I was flying along the corridor.
- 3 While he *opened* / *was opening* the door to his room, Mr Daniels saw me.
- 4 The manager *heard* / *was hearing* the screaming while he was leaving the hotel.
- 5 I was going to the hotel reception when the police *arrived* / *were arriving*.
- 6 I saw the sun rising while I *went* / *was going* to the graveyard to sleep.

2 Complete the story.

Journalist's notes

A man saw the Hotel Heart ghost last night. He was entering his room, when suddenly the ghost ¹ _____ (jump) in front of him. He stayed calm while the ghost ² _____ (try) to scare him. The other guests were sleeping when suddenly they ³ _____ (hear) a very loud noise. The guest, Mr Declan Daniels, said 'I was running after the ghost, when suddenly the ghost ⁴ _____ (fall) and shouted. I called the police while the ghost ⁵ _____ (cry) on the floor. When the police ⁶ _____ (arrive), everybody was congratulating Mr Daniels. They were saying he was a brave man.

► used to

3 Order the words to make sentences.



- 1 to / My / in / work / used / the theatre / grandparents

- 2 be / a / My / used / to / director / gran

- 3 She / to / grey / have / hair / use / didn't

- 4 to / grandad / My / didn't / be / use / bald

- 5 to / very attractive / He / used / be

- 6 the / used / all over / perform / country / They / to

► used to: questions

4 Complete the dialogue.

- Pete** Did your mum ¹ _____ to have long hair?
- Kate** No, she ² _____. She used to have short hair.
- Pete** ³ _____ she use to like eating when she was four?
- Kate** She ⁴ _____ to like chicken, chips and ice cream.
- Pete** Where ⁵ _____ she use to go on holiday?
- Kate** She ⁶ _____ to go to Blackpool. She didn't ⁷ _____ to travel abroad.

► Present perfect with *just*

1 Order the words to make sentences.

- 1 his / finished / homework / Mark / just / has

- 2 moved / We / just / house / 've

- 3 the / 's / just / Amy / painted / wall

- 4 booked / his / John / just / ticket / has

- 5 've / eaten / You / just / a sandwich

2 Match the sentences in exercise 1 with the responses.

- a So why are you ordering a pizza? _
- b So be careful not to put your hands on it. _
- c You should come and visit us. _
- d So he's going to watch a DVD now. _
- e He's going to Madrid next month. _

► *already* and *yet*

3 Look at the picture. Write sentences with the present perfect and *already* or *yet*.



- 1 Kathleen / make a cup of tea

- 2 Kathleen / open the window

- 3 She / throw out the rubbish

- 4 She / pick the clothes up from the floor

- 5 She / put on her glasses

► Present perfect with *for* and *since*

4 Choose the incorrect option.

- 1 Sue and Ken have worked in a music shop...
 - a for a year.
 - b since last year.
 - c for last year.
- 2 Sue's sung in a band...
 - a since three years.
 - b for a long time.
 - c for three years.
- 3 Ken's played the guitar...
 - a for twelve years.
 - b since ages.
 - c since he was six.
- 4 They've been friends...
 - a since they met at school.
 - b for five years.
 - c for they met at school.
- 5 Sue's had a boyfriend...
 - a for Christmas.
 - b since Christmas.
 - c for a few months.
- 6 Ken hasn't seen Sue...
 - a for a week.
 - b since a week.
 - c since last week.

5 Complete with *for* or *since* and the time phrases in the box.

- a few weeks
- ages
- he was born
- he was eighteen
- six days
- they were children

- 1 Ken's had a car _____
His dad gave it to him for his birthday.
- 2 Sue's been on holiday _____
That's almost one week.
- 3 Ken's known Gary _____
They met at primary school.
- 4 He's been at university _____
Everything's very new to him.
- 5 Her family have lived there _____
_____, maybe over fifty years.
- 6 Ken's lived in Glasgow his whole life,
_____.

► Comparatives and superlatives

1 Correct the sentences.

- 1 I think Mila Kunis is most beautiful actress in Hollywood.

- 2 Emma Stone is a most interesting actress than Kristen Stewart.

- 3 Watching a film at home is convenient than going to the cinema.

- 4 Going to the cinema is bestest way to see a film.

- 5 This is the most busy bookshop in town.

- 6 It's more busy than the department stores.

► (not) as ... as

2 Circle the correct option.

- 1 Dave's house is *the same size as* / *not the same size as* Vincent's house. They're both 100 square metres.
- 2 Maths is OK but it's *not as interesting as* / *as interesting as* French.
- 3 The cheese and tomato pizza *is as tasty as* / *are as tasty as* the salami pizza.
- 4 If you're in a hurry, don't take the bus. It's *as fast as* / *not as fast as* the underground.
- 5 Your brothers are nice, but they're *not as interesting as* / *like as* your mum.
- 6 In my class, Tokio Hotel *are as popular as* / *aren't as popular* Green Day.

► too and not enough with adjectives

3 Complete the dialogue.

Boy Dad, can you buy me these red trainers?
Dad No way. They're ¹ _____ (expensive). What about the blue trainers?

Boy I don't like them. They're ² _____ (not fashionable).
Dad Try this pair on.
Boy They're ³ _____ (small). I'll ask for a bigger size.
Dad There's nobody coming to help us. Maybe they're ⁴ _____ (busy).
Boy Let's go to another shop. We've waited ⁵ _____ (long) here for a time.
Dad It's ⁶ _____ (late) to go to another shop. All the shops are closing now.

► Sense verbs

4 Complete the sentences.

• feel • looks • smells • sounds • tasted

- 1 What deodorant are you wearing?
It _____ nice.
- 2 Can you hear that? It _____ like a cat.
- 3 Have you _____ the chocolate cake?
It's really delicious.
- 4 Oops! The pizza's black. It _____ like I've cooked it too long.
- 5 Why did I eat all those sweets? Now I _____ sick.

► Modals of deduction

5 Complete with *must*, *might*, *can't* or *could*.

Jane Who are they taking photos of?
Dee Taylor Swift lives on this road, so it ¹ _____ be Taylor Swift. But I read on the internet that she's on holiday, so it ² _____ be her.
Sam I heard the paparazzi shouting 'Jennifer, Jennifer!'. So I'm pretty sure it ³ _____ be Jennifer Lawrence.
Jane But Jennifer López is making a film here, so it ⁴ _____ be her. It's possible, isn't it?

► Relative pronouns

1 Choose the correct option.



One place ¹ _____ I always feel really relaxed is at my grandmother's house. She's someone ² _____ knows how to make everyone around her feel good. At times ³ _____ I feel worried about something, I go to her place after school and soon I can't remember what the problem was. She has a kitchen ⁴ _____ is always open for visitors and a big kitchen table ⁵ _____ there is always someone sitting, drinking coffee and chatting. People ⁶ _____ lives are normally stressful suddenly find time to relax when they go to her. And her fantastic cooking is something ⁷ _____ everyone in our town knows about!

- | | | |
|-----------|---------|---------|
| 1 a who | b which | c where |
| 2 a who | b whose | c when |
| 3 a that | b when | c where |
| 4 a which | b who | c whose |
| 5 a that | b where | c which |
| 6 a whose | b who | c which |
| 7 a where | b when | c that |

► whose and who's

2 Correct four of the sentences.

- Jo is a woman whose husband is famous.

- I saw someone who's hair was pink.

- There are people who's social networking pages give too much information.

- Karen is someone whose always online.

5 Edward's girlfriend is not someone whose very popular.

6 I'm a person who's never afraid to try new things.

► Omitting relative pronouns

3 Rewrite the sentences without *who*, *which* or *that* if the relative pronoun can be omitted.

1 Tom is a boy who wants to be famous.

2 Frank is a boy who I met on holiday last year.

3 London is a city that everyone should see once.

4 The internet is an invention which changed people's lives.

5 Cycling is the sport which I like the best.

► Defining and non-defining relative clauses

4 Choose the correct sentence, a or b.

1 a People who spend all day on the computer have unhealthy lives.

b People, who spend all day on the computer, have unhealthy lives.

2 a I think my father who is an architect has an interesting job.

b I think my father, who is an architect, has an interesting job.

3 a I like going to Scotland where my grandmother lives.

b I like going to Scotland, where my grandmother lives.

4 a The place where I most like to spend my holidays is on the beach.

b The place, where I most like to spend my holidays, is on the beach.

5 a I don't want a mobile phone which can't take pictures.

b I don't want a mobile phone, which can't take pictures.

► Future forms

1 Complete with *will probably* or *probably won't*.



- 1 It _____ rain this afternoon.
- 2 She _____ play football when she's older.
- 3 He _____ go skiing today.
- 4 She _____ finish work early, and she _____ have a nice lunch.
- 5 He _____ pass the exam.

2 Circle the correct option.

- 1 Our school 's *having* / 'll *have* a fashion show on March 16th at 8 p.m.
- 2 In the future recycling *will* / *is going to* be more necessary. It's a fact.
- 3 So, at our fashion show *we're going to* / *we'll* show people how recycled clothes can be fashionable and environmentally friendly. That's our intention.
- 4 We predict that over five hundred people *will probably* / *won't probably* come.
- 5 Rose *is showing* / *is going to show* her new collection of clothes at 9 p.m.
- 6 My mum says *she's going to buy* / *she'll buy* a dress. That's her plan.

► will and might

3 Complete the text.

• might (x2) • probably (x2) • will • won't

I love designing clothes. I'll ¹ _____ study fashion design at art school. I've made a lot of clothes so I ² _____ start selling them on the internet. My mum's a businesswoman so she ³ _____ probably help me. My dad wants me to study medicine, so he probably ⁴ _____ like my ideas. All my friends are into clothes and the internet. They'll ⁵ _____ work with me too. If we do well, we ⁶ _____ open a shop in our local shopping centre.

► First conditional

4 Match the sentence halves.

- | | |
|--|--|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 If Rose starts a business, ... _ 2 The bank might give her money... _ 3 If she doesn't work hard, ... _ 4 If people like her clothes, ... _ 5 Internet shopping will be bigger... _ 6 Rose won't do business with people... _ | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a they'll tell their friends. b she won't sell many clothes. c if more people have an internet connection at home. d if they aren't eco-friendly. e she'll need money. f if she shows them a business plan. |
|--|--|

► First conditional

1 Circle the correct option.

It's my birthday on Saturday and some friends are coming to my home but I'm not sure what we'll do. If the weather ¹ *is / will be* good, I'll have food and drinks in the garden. If my friend Karl brings his guitar we ² *sit / 'll sit* outside singing and laughing. We can sing inside if it ³ *rains / 'll rain* but that's not as much fun. We'll dance if my friends ⁴ *want / will want* to but most of them don't dance very often. I want to wear my new summer dress but if it isn't warm enough, I ⁵ *wear / 'll wear* jeans. Most people will wear jeans but I like dressing up. I ⁶ *am / 'll be* really happy if my friends give me jewellery or sunglasses or something cool to wear as a birthday present.

► when and unless

2 Match the sentence halves.

- 1 She'll call you back when... _
 - 2 I'll buy a new mobile when... _
 - 3 I won't celebrate inside unless... _
 - 4 You'll never know what sushi tastes like unless... _
 - 5 We'll go to the beach every day when... _
 - 6 You won't get many birthday presents unless... _
- a it rains.
 - b the summer holidays begin.
 - c you try it.
 - d you invite your friends to a party.
 - e she has more time to talk.
 - f I have enough money.

► Zero conditional

3 Complete the zero conditional sentences.

- 1 If I eat too much chocolate, _____
_____. (I / feel / sick)
- 2 You feel tired if _____
(you / not sleep / enough)

- 3 I get angry if _____
(my sister / shout / at me)
- 4 People feel happy if _____
_____. (the sun / shine)
- 5 If Harry works hard, he _____
_____. (always / get / good marks)

► Second conditional

4 Complete the second conditional sentences.

If I could do anything next summer, I ¹ _____ (go) on an adventure holiday in the jungle. If I ² _____ (do) that, I'd take my friend Gemma with me. We'd go up the Amazon in a boat. The only problem is, I don't like snakes. If I ³ _____ (see) one, I'd scream! Gemma would stay cool. She's an adventurer and if anything made her scream, I ⁴ _____ (be) amazed. I like camping but if we ⁵ _____ (sleep) on the ground in the jungle, animals would probably eat us. We'd sleep in tree houses. Oh, it's just a dream now but maybe someday I'll do it.

► Zero, first and second conditional

5 Choose the correct option.

- 1 If you heat water, ...
a it boils.
b it would boil.
- 2 If the sun shines this afternoon, ...
a we go swimming.
b we'll go swimming.
- 3 If I had a million euros, ...
a I buy a big house with a pool.
b I'd buy a big house with a pool.
- 4 I love swimming if...
a the water wasn't too cold.
b the water isn't too cold.
- 5 I'll go canoeing if...
a you come with me.
b you came with me.
- 6 We'd go skiing if...
a it snows.
b it snowed.